

Importing File Resources

The resource importer gives you the possibility to add resources to your E2E Builder project. These resources can be of any kind of file including zip and jar archives. The main usage of importing resources to a project is to have a mostly static reference and resources bundled with the service. Typical resources would be, e.g. custom font files which are used for example by the FOP Adapter to generate PDF files, images used by a UI, or an XML file containing conversion data or reference lists.

The resources are imported into the E2E Builder projects directory structure within the resources folder. The resource folder will be packed within the service repository that will be deployed, if the deploy checkbox is checked.

Example File (Builder project Advanced Modeling/Resources):



<your example path>\Advanced Modeling\Resources\resourceArchive.xml

On this Page:

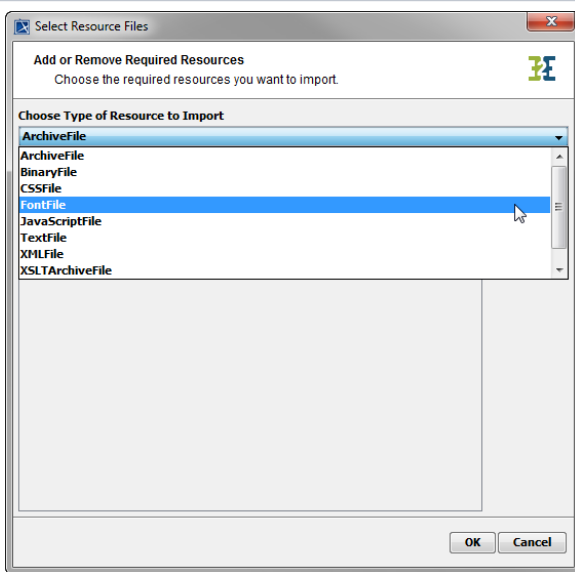
- [Importing Single Resource Files](#)
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Related Pages:

- [Deploying and Managing Resources](#)
- [Defining Backend Aliases](#)
- [Resource File Artifacts](#)
- [xUML Service Settings](#)

Importing Single Resource Files

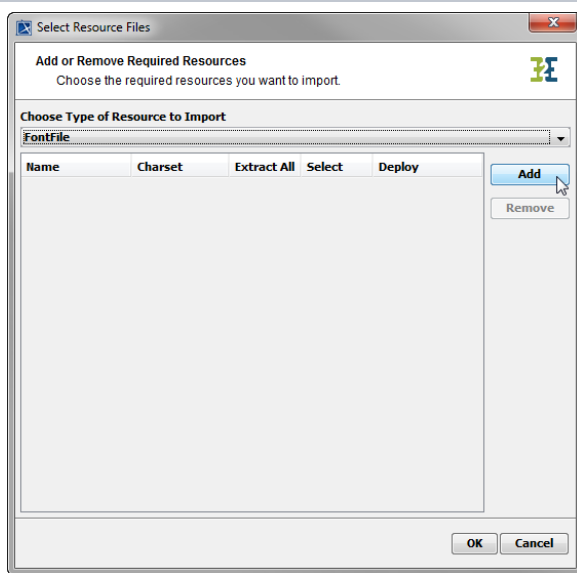
Start the import of resources by selecting **Import > File Resource (XSLT, Jar, Text, etc.)** from the E2E Model Compiler menu.



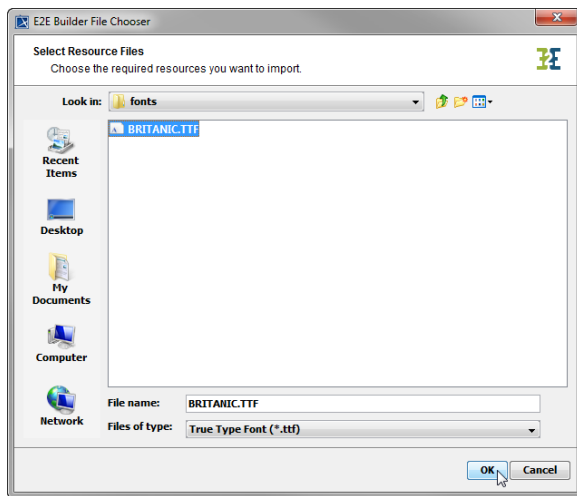
The resource importer dialog window displays you options to add specific resources. As a first step select the type of resource you want to import.

- ArchiveFile
- BinaryFile
- CSSFile
- FontFile
- JavaScriptFile
- TextFile
- XMLFile
- XSLTArchiveFile
- XSLTScriptFile

Select the resource type you want to add to your E2E Builder Project. Some Types are very specific like the XMLFile resource type, while other types are open like the TextFile. Setting the correct type will allow in some cases the use of a specific editor within MagicDraw.

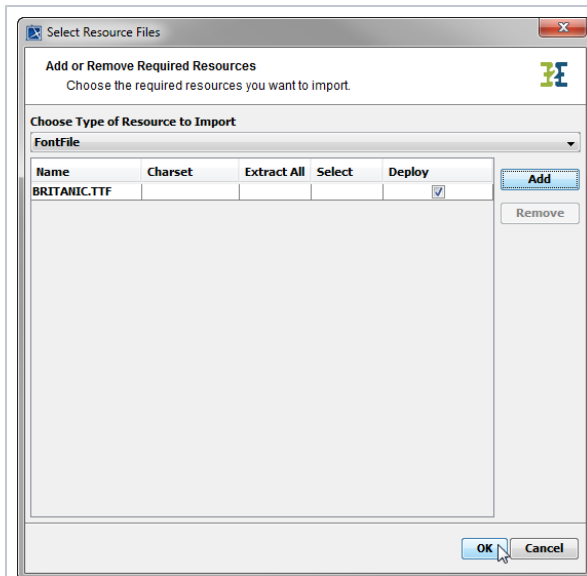


Click **Add** to add file resources to the import list.



Navigate to the directory containing the files and select the resource file(s). You can select multiple files of the same type. Depending on which type was selected in the resource importer dialog, the file type selector will be set accordingly. In some cases you need to change the **Files of type** filter found at the bottom of the dialog window.

Click **OK** to proceed.



Within the resource importer dialog window you will see the previously selected file(s) listed in a table view.

The **Deploy** checkbox gives the option to either deploy the resource together with the service repository or just leave it as a non-deployable resource within your E2E Builder Project. In the latter case, you'll need to manually provide the resource to the deployed xUML service.

Selecting the imported resource within the resource table view enables the **R****emove** button. By clicking on the button the resource will be taken off the list without any further confirmation and thus will not be imported.

When all the needed resource files are chosen, click **OK** to start the import process.

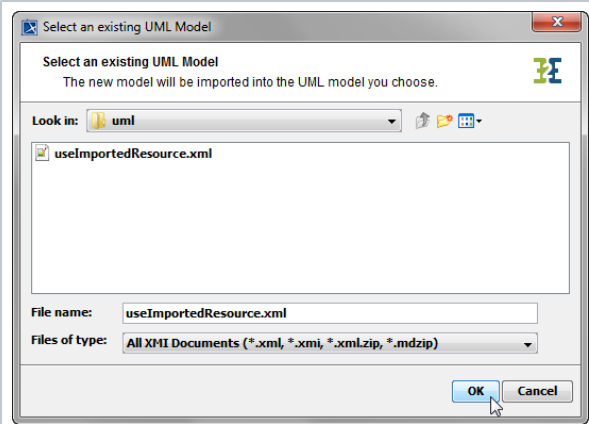
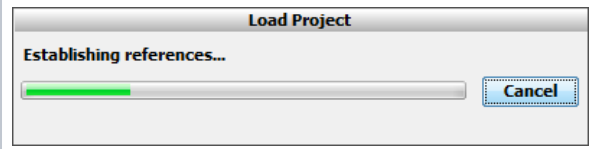
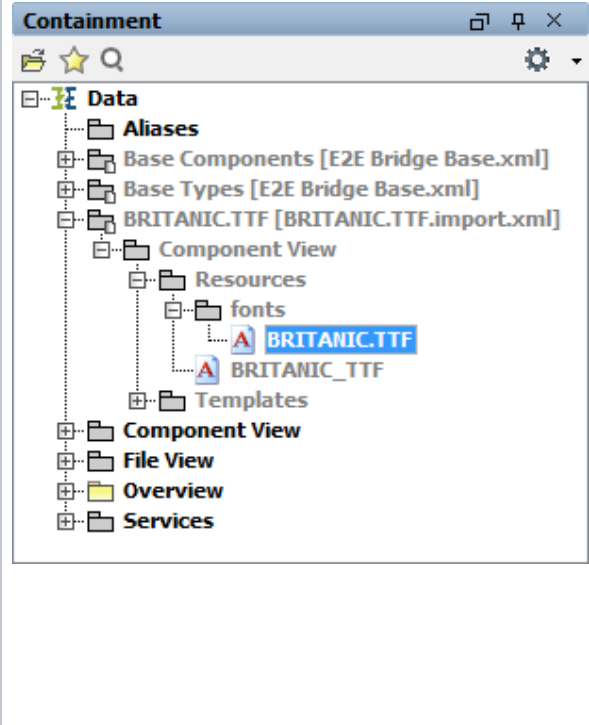
If the list is complete, you can decide for each file resource archive, if it will be deployed together with the xUML service repository via the Builder.


Single XSLT scripts always need to be deployed together with the xUML service repository. Therefore, the **Deploy** checkbox cannot be deselected for those items.

If the Deploy checkbox is not selected, the file resource needs to be deployed via the Bridge. This prevents transferring big amounts of data when deploying them together with the xUML service repository via the Builder.

Deploying file resources via the Builder means that they can be used only by the deployed xUML service. Deploying them via the Bridge means that they are not stored locally but globally, so that they can be used globally by all deployed xUML services of the current node instance. For more details on deploying file resources via the Bridge, refer to [Deploying and Managing Resources](#).

No matter if a file resource is deployed via the Builder or the Bridge, all required file resources need to be imported. Consequently, they are documented in the component diagram (see [Defining Backend Aliases](#)).

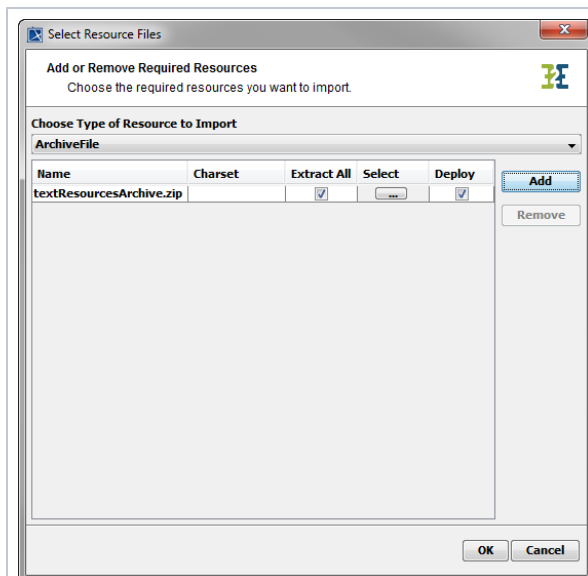
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|--|---|
|  | <p>The resource importer will ask you to select a model to import the resources to. Choose the model the resource should be available to.</p> <p>Click OK to continue.</p> |
|  | <p>After a few seconds, the chosen target XMI file will be loaded.</p> |
|  | <p>You can find the imported resource in the containment tree in package Data<Resource Name>. The importer has set up the resource within the E2E Builder Project with all necessary references and artifacts. The physical location of the imported resource is located within the resources/templates directory in the E2E Builder Project. Depending on the selected type of the imported resource a sub directory is created. In this example a directory called fonts.</p> |

You need to save  the UML model to persist the imported entities and packages.

More information, e.g. on how to use imported resources, is provided by the Reference Guide, e.g. in [Resource File Artifacts](#).

Importing Resource Archives

A very convenient option is to import archives, meaning jar or zip files. The resource importer can analyze the archive and it is possible to just select one or a few needed files from within a zip or jar file. The following steps describe the steps and options for importing archive resources.

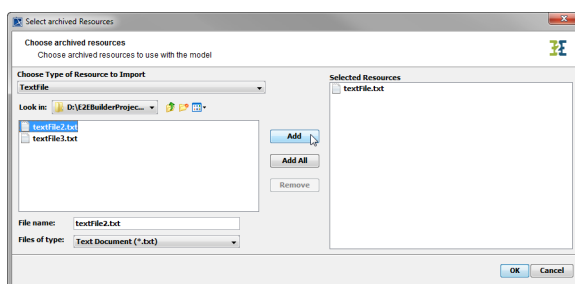


After selecting the archive file (in this case a zip file), the resource will show up within the resource table view with additional options.

Extract All will extract the complete content of the archive when deployed on the E2E Bridge Server.

The **Select** button on the resource row gives the option to select just the needed file from an archive. To select just the needed files from an archive click ...

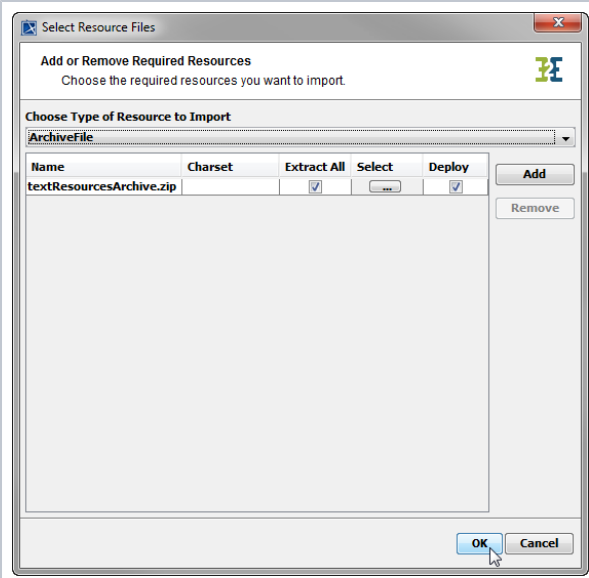
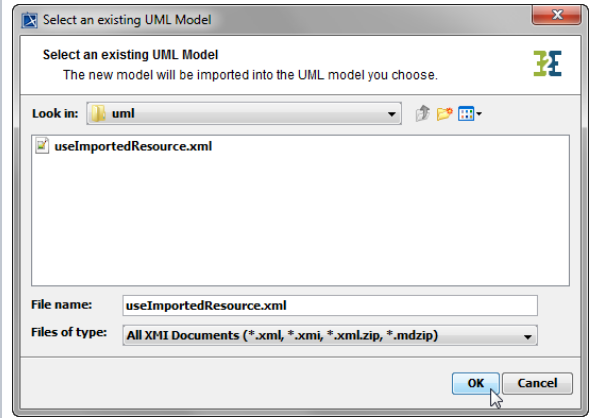
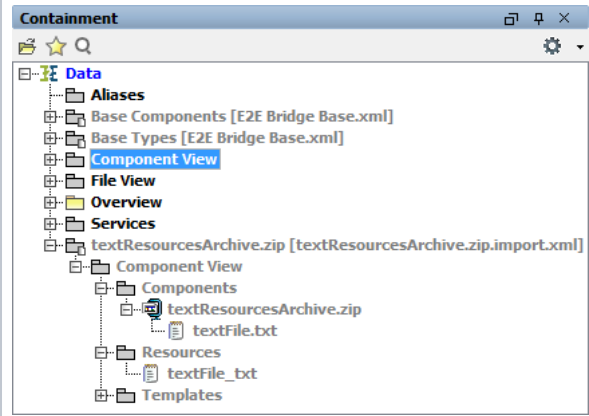
A window to select specific files will open.




At first, choose the **Type of Resource to Import**.

It is essential to choose the right resource type using the drop down list Choose the type of resource you want to import. This is important so that the external editors for editing the resources will be opened correctly.

In the archive hierarchy browser select the file(s) you want to import and add them to the **Selected Resources** container by clicking **Add**. Wanting to add all files at a time click **Add All**. The list of files may be filtered by selecting a file type from the corresponding drop down box.

| | |
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|  | <p>When all needed archive resources and files within them are selected, click OK to start the import process.</p> <p>When adding an archive without using the Select option to specify single files, the importer will add the archive as a single archive resource.</p> |
|  | <p>Select the UML model, in which the data should be imported. The uml source path of the current Builder project will be suggested. Choose an XMI file and click OK.</p> |
|  | <p>The import result is shown in the containment tree. The previously selected resource file can be found within the Resources repository, the selected archive belonging to the resource within the Template repository package.</p> |

You need to save  the UML model to persist the imported entities and packages.

Using Imported Resources

Usage of resources can be added to the component diagram in certain contexts, manually or using the [Components Wizard](#).

These are the contexts, you can use imported resources in:

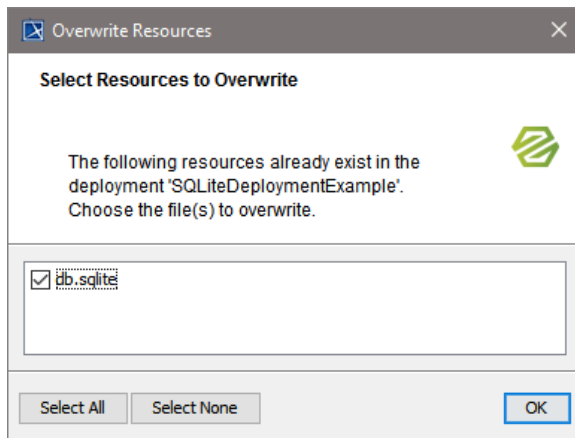
| Context | UML Element | Description | Documentation Link |
|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|
|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------------|

| | | | |
|--------------|---------------------|--|---|
| File | <<FileAlias>> | Deploy a file together with the service. | File System Components |
| | <<FlatFileAdapter>> | Deploy a flat file used for parsing together with the service. | Flat File Adapter Reference |
| SQLite | <<SQLAlias>> | Deploy an SQLite database together with the service. | SQLite Deployment Using a File Resource |
| Java adapter | <<JavaComponent>> | Deploy Java archives together with the service. | Java Archive Artifacts |
| | <<ResourceFile>> | Deploy resources together with the service. | Resource File Artifacts |
| UI | <<HTMLElement>> | Add resources which are common in web applications, e.g. a company logo embedded into the UI application as a image resource, and deploy them together with the service. | HTML Utilities |
| | <<UIDeployment>> | Add a design agency and deploy it together with the UI. | Working with Design Agency |
| JMS adapter | <<JMSElement>> | Sometimes it may be necessary to exchange the JMS provider JAR files by others than the ones delivered with the Bridge. | Exchanging the JMS Provider JAR Files |

Using a resource in one of the above mentioned contexts, the resource becomes the default choice for the Bridge service. Nevertheless, the resource can be replaced changing the resource path in the corresponding settings of the xUML service.
For more information on changing the settings of a service refer to [xUML Service Settings](#).

Overwrite Resources

On opening a model that uses resources, you can get the following pop-up:



Each imported resource is saved in two places into the project:

- as a resource template (e.g. empty database) to <project folder>/resources/templates/<file type>/
- as a specific resource to <project folder>/resources/<model name>/<component name>/resources/

On opening a model, the E2E Builder generates the specific resource from the template. If the deployed resource already exists, you can decide to keep it or overwrite it.