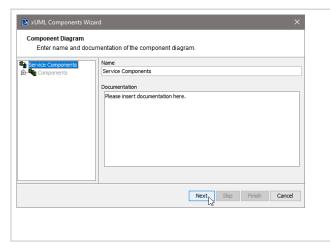
Creating a Component Diagram

The following sections are ordered according the steps needed to create a component diagram and describe each creation step in detail.

- 1. Assigning the Diagram Name
- 2. Defining the Composite
- 3. Defining the Frontend Service
- 4. Defining the SOAP Service Interface
- 5. Defining Backend Aliases
- 6. Finishing the Components Wizard

Step 1: Assigning the Diagram Name

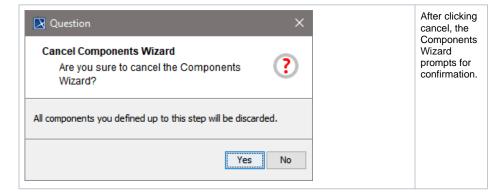
After starting the Components Wizard, the first dialog opens, and you are prompted to enter the name of the component diagram.



You may use the default name suggest ed or enter a descriptive name. Changing the name will change the name of the top most tree node (marked in blue) in the navigation panel.

Click **Next** to proceed or **Ca ncel** to abort.

The Components Wizard can be canceled any time.



Step 2: Defining the Composite

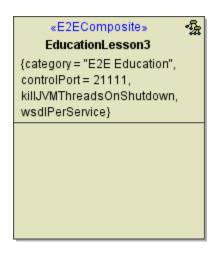
With the next step, you define the service composite. The service composite represents the repository of the Web service and will contain all necessary configuration information.

On this Page:

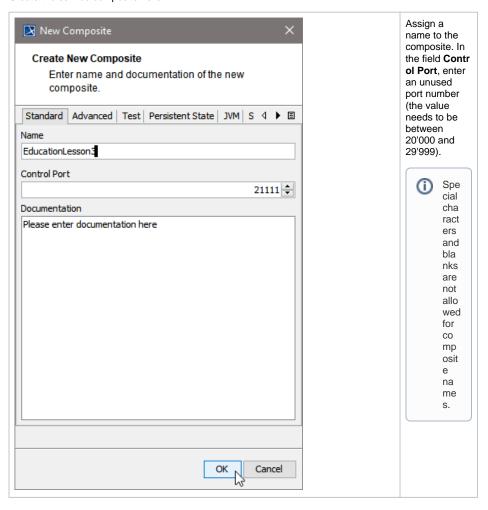
- Step 1: Assigning the Diagram Name
- Step 2: Defining the Composite
- Step 3: Defining the Frontend Service
- Step 4: Defining the SOAP Service Interface
- Step 5: Defining Backend Aliases
- Step 6: Finishing the Components Wizard

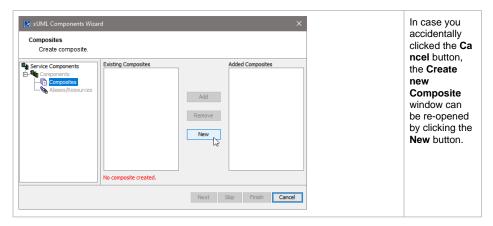
Related Pages:

- Defining More Than One Deployment
- Frontend Components
- Creating an Alias

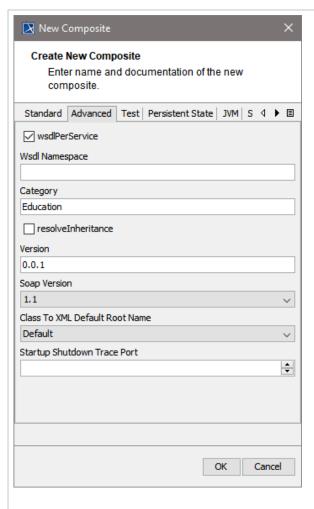


Clicking **Next** after having assigned the diagram name will bring you directly to the following dialog. Create the service composite here.





The Create New Composite dialog contains four more tabs.



On the **Advanced tab** of this dialog, you can configure advanced composite settings as tagged values to the composite.

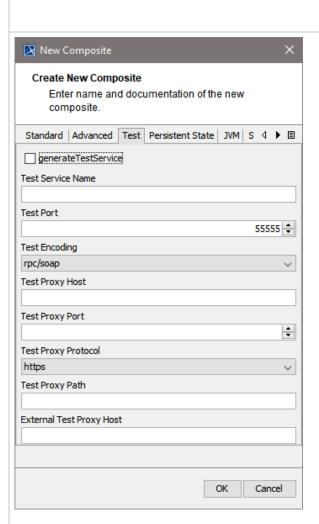
Tagged Value	Description
wsdIPerS ervice	If true (default=false), each xUML service gets its own WSDL file. Additionally, all XML Schema elements and types having the same namespace are put into one schema file. These schema files are imported into the WSDLs to be shared among them. In this case it is also possible to mix RPC /soap-encoded services with Document /literal services.
WSDL Namespa ce	Target WSDL namespace of the generated WSDL file. Relevant only, if wsdIP erService is false (this is the default).

Category	Optional category to group similar xUML services.
resolveln heritance	If true, the inheritance hierarchy is resolved into flat messages. As of Bridge 7, setting resol velnheritance to true is deprecated, because this will generate a different output structure than modeled. It also has hidden requirements to the element uniqueness.
Version	A service version number. This service version is visible in service context on the Bridge.
Soap Version	Specify the version of the SOAP protocol you want to use with the service.
Class To XML Default Root Name	Bridge 7 Specify which name to assign to the XML root element upon serializing. This setting can be overridden by using XML composer options as described on c lassToXML() Operation. Refer to XML - UML Class Mapping for more information on the topic of XML serialization.

Startup Shutdow n Trace Port

Default port for tracing startup or shutdown activities is 30 000. You can change this default here, if necessary.

For more information on these tagged values refer to F rontend Components .



Specify the test settings here.

Tagged Value	Description
generateT estService	Enables or disables testing. If true, a test SOAP service will be generated for all < <e2etestable>> classes.</e2etestable>
Test Service Name	Defines the name of the generated test service.
Test Port	Defines the number of the test service port.

Test Defines the Encoding encoding of the test SOAP operations. rpc/soap is recommended , because this matches well with the semantics of UML operations. lf ⓓ this val ue is set and oth er ser vic es of the СО mp osit е hav е diff ere nt enc odi ngs the tag ws dIP erS erv ice mu st be set to tru e. Specifies the Test deployment host. Proxy Host Specifies the proxy port the Test **Proxy** Port test service is listening to. Specifies the Test used protocol. Proxy Protocol

Test Proxy Path

Specifies the part of the overall URL that is mapped to the actual host name and port.



lf this tag ged val ue is use d, the mo del er mu st ens ure that this val ue is uni que wit hin the pro xy.

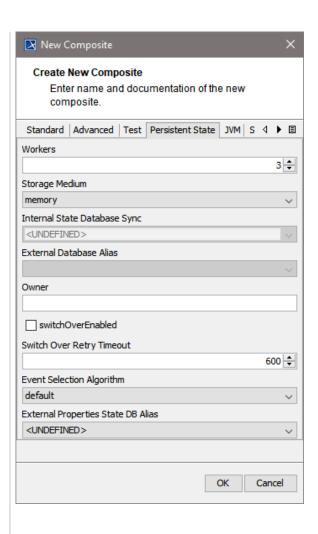
External Test Proxy Host

Specifies the host name as seen by the client. If a server certificate is used, it must be issued for this name. If this value is not set, the name of the node hosting the proxy is being used.

For more information on testing in general refer to xUM L Service Model Debugging, Testing and Quality Assurance (QA) Concepts.

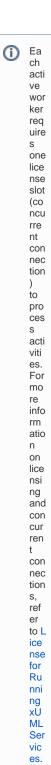
Using Persistent State features in the xUML service, you can make corresponding adjustments on the **Persisten t State tab**, and configure the persistent state engine.

Tagged Value	Description
Workers	



Workers defines the maximum number of parallel threads used to process pending events. The default setting is 5, which is used if none or 0 workers are configured. The implications of more or less workers are discussed in Performanc Consideration s of Persistent

State.



Storage Medium

Storage Medium defines where the persisted data and additional information like pending events and current states are kept. See section Data Storage for a discussion of the options. When using a database instance as storage medium, make sure to configure components and deployment of the SQL adapter as described in section SQL Adapter.

Internal State Database Sync

Internal
State DB
Synch
defines the
level of file
system
synchronizatio
n performed
on the
internal
persistent
state
database.



For pro duc tion set up, we rec om me nd usi ng FÙ LL syn ch.

External Database Alias

If you are using an external storage medium, you can specify the DB alias in External State DB Alias.

Owner

Owner specifies the owner of the persistent state objects. Defau It owner (used when no divergent owner is specified) is the xUML service name, which is unique on each node instance.

Switch Over Enabled

During fail over, the E2E xUML Runtime will try to create a new database connection to compensatory database (see Switch **Over Enabled**). If this fails, the xUML Runtime will try to open a new connection every second until the timeout (in seconds) is reached. Default is 600 seconds.

Switch Over Retry Timeout

This flag enables the automatic fail over mechanism for clustered persistent state databases. If the persistent state database becomes inoperative, the E2E xUML Runtime will try to open a connection to compensatory database of the cluster. See also option Switch Over Retry Timeout.



1 Thi opti on is ava ilab le for clu ster ed Ora cle dat aba ses onl у.

Event Selection Algorithm

Runtime 2019.2 Builder 7.4.0 The xUML Runtime processes the persistent state events in a defined order. Select the event selection algorithm the xUML Runtime should use to define this order of events. Refer to Perfo rmance Consideration s of Persistent State > Event Selection Algorithm for more details on when to use which algorithm.

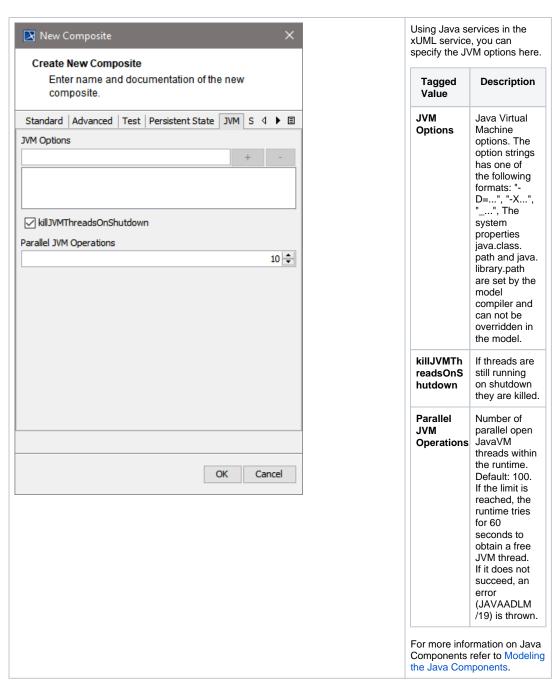


Ser

vic es usi ng this tag ged val ue (all opti ons but the def ault <n ot sp eci fie **d>**) wilĺ not star t on а Ru nti me bel OW 201 9.2.

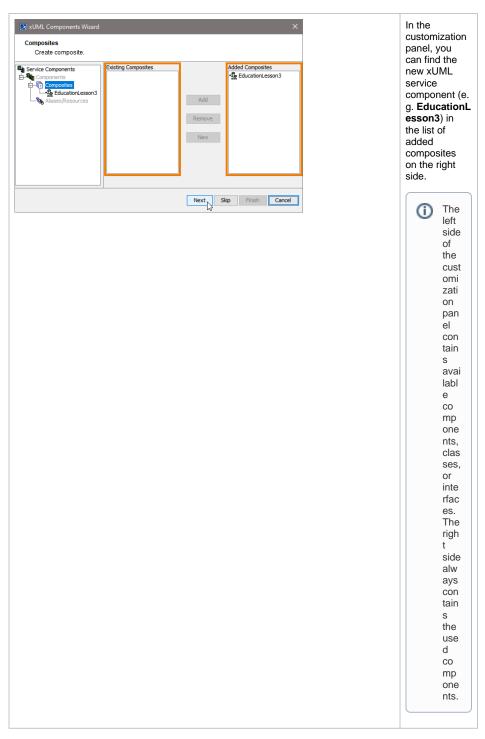
External Propertie s State DB Alias Runtime
2019.8 Builder
7.6.0 Specify
the database
alias of the
external
database you
want to store
external
persistent
data to.
For more
information
on external
data, refer to
Persistent
State Classes
> External
Persistent
Data.

For more information Persiste nt State Components.



Click OK to proceed.

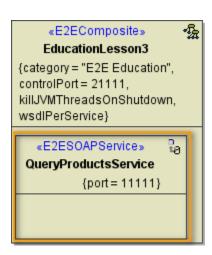
Up to this point, you have defined the xUML service component **EducationLesson3**.



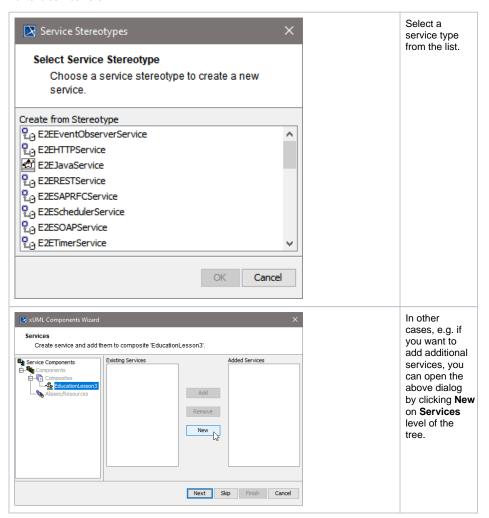
Click Next to proceed.

Step 3: Defining the Frontend Service

In the next step, you define the frontend service that will be part of the xUML service.

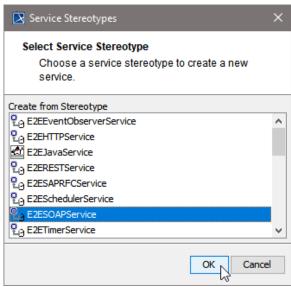


Clicking Next after having defined the composite will bring you directly to the following dialog. Add a frontend service here.



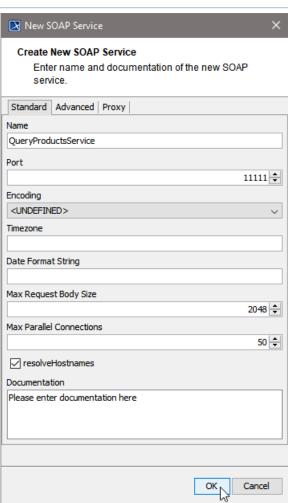
All possible frontend service stereotypes are listed:

- E2EEventObserverService
- E2EHTTPService
- E2EJavaService
- E2ESAPRFCService
- E2ESchedulerService
- E2ESOAPService
- E2ETimerService
- several ActiveMQ versions
- GlassFishMQ-4.4
- Weblogic-10.3
- WebshpereMQ-6-NoJNDI
- WebshpereMQ-7
- XSLTProcessor
- ApacheFOP
- Saxon6 and 8
- Xalan2
- XalanTrax2
- UIRepository



This example shows how to define a Web service. Select the service stereotype **E2ESO APService**.

Proceed with **OK**.



Now, customize the service artifact.

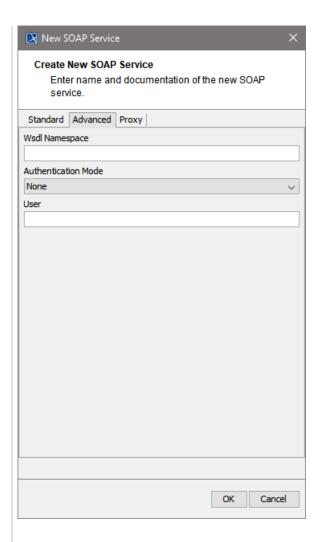
Tagged Value	Description
Name	Assign a Name
Port	Assign a Port , to which the SOAP service is listening (the value needs to be between 10'000 and 19'999).
Encoding	Select an enc oding. See E ncoding of SOAP Operations for more information on SOAP encoding of xUML services.
Timezone	Time zone string as specified in the time zone appendix. timezone is used to print DateTime expressions.
Date Format String	Date formatting code as listed in Date and Time Formatting. If nothing is defined, the XSD standard is used.

Max Request Body Size	Runtime 2021.2 Specifies the maximum size of the request in KB (1 KB = 1024 Bytes). This can be used to prevent DoS or similar attacks. When the payload of the service exceeds the given maximum, incoming request are rejected.
Max Parallel Connecti ons	Maximum number of requests that can be processed in parallel.
resolveH ostnames	Automatically resolve IP addresses to domain names.

The Create New SOAP Service dialog contains two more tabs.

On the **Advanced** tab, you can specify the following settings:

Tagged Value	Description
Wsdl Namespa ce	Specifies the target namespace of the generated WSDL file. This is relevant only, if wsdIPerSer vice in the xUML composite is true (see Fron tend Components).
Authentic ation Mode	



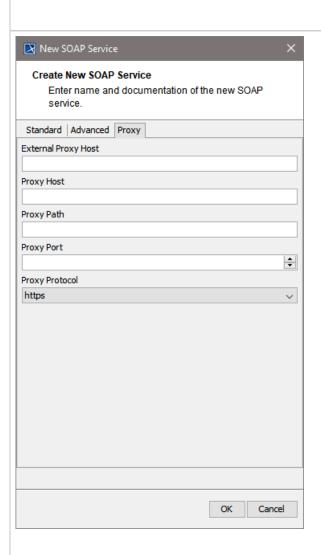
Defines the authentication mode to be used with this SOAP service.

- If HTTPBa sicAuth is used, you define that the service composit authentic ates the user. User name and password must then be given in the tagged value user. For more details see Basi Authentic ation with the E2E
- Bridge. If HTTPRe moteAuth is used, a revers proxy needs to authentic ate the user and pass it to the service. The service then expects a set REMOTE -USER HTTP header. Typically the Apache reverse proxy is used for that.

Independent of the authentication mode, the user is found in the principal object if the authentication succeeded.

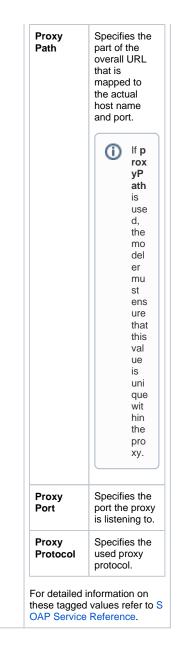
Specifies user and password for the use of HTTP Basic authentication.

For detailed information on these tagged values refer to S OAP Service Reference.



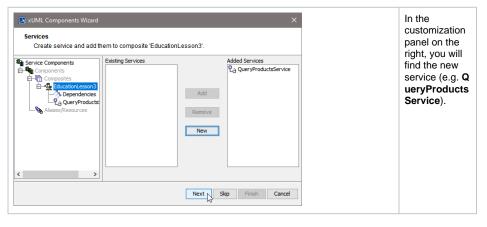
On the **Proxy** tab, you can specify the proxy details.

Tagged Value	Description
External Proxy Host	Specifies the host name as seen by the client. • If a
	server certificate is used, the certificate must be issued for this name. If this tagged value is not set, the name of the node hosting the proxy is being used.
Proxy Host	Specifies the host for the proxy deployment. If localhost is used, the proxy will be created on the same host the service is deployed to. Use a dedicated host, if you want to run your proxy on a different host of the same Bridge domain. See also externalProxyHost.



Proceed with **OK**.

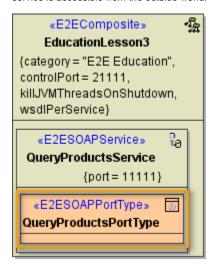
Now, in the component diagram the service component is placed within the service composite component.

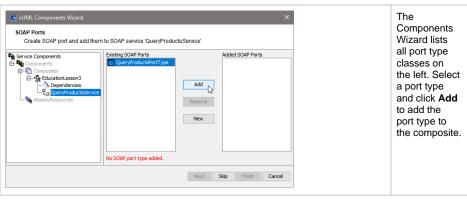


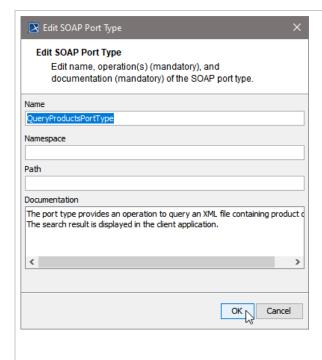
Click Next to proceed.

Step 4: Defining the SOAP Service Interface

In the next step, you will define the interface of the SOAP service. Through this interface, the Web service is accessible from the outside world.





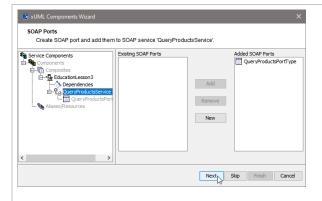


In the following dialog, assign a name to the port type or use the default name suggested.

Special character s and blanks are not allowed for compone nt names.

- Provide a Names pace if necessar
- Provide a path, if you want to make this compone nt independ ent of the package structure. Without a given path, port types are identified by port type name and package URL.

Proceed with **OK**.

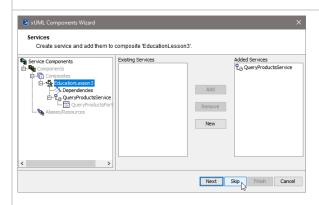


In the artifact part oft the customization panel, you will find the added port type Quer yProductsPor tType.

As an interface can only be used once in a composite, the port type Q ueryProducts PortType is not displayed anymore in the SOAP Port Types list on the left.

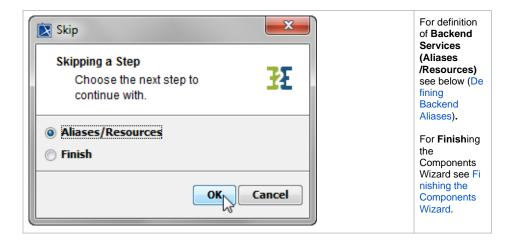
Each port type class (representing the interface of the SOAP service) can only be used once in a composit e.

Click **Next** to proceed.



In the Custom ized Artifacts part of the tree panel, the xUML service is selected again to give you the option to define further frontend services (see Defining the Frontend Service).

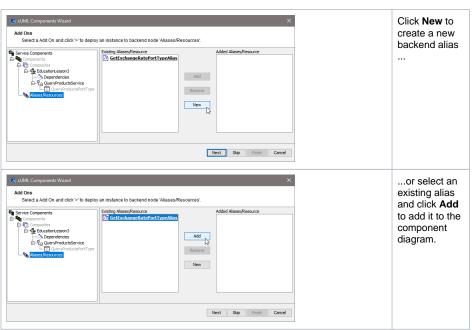
If you do not need any further elements, click **Skip**.



Step 5: Defining Backend Aliases

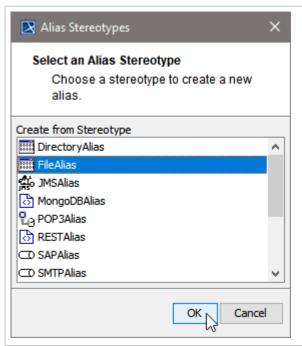
In this step, backend aliases are defined. The Components Wizard provides predefined Backend Components.



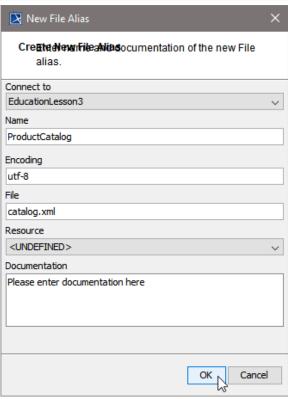


For adding a new alias, choose one of the following possible backend service stereotypes:

FileSystemAlias JMSAlias POP3Alias SAPAlias SMTPAlias SOAPAlias SQLAlias URLAlias



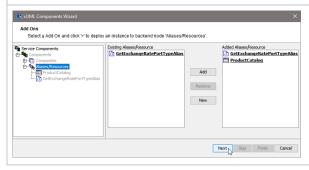
Choose a backend alias stereotype from the list of available stereotypes, e. g. FileAlias and click OK.



Assign a name to the alias or leave the default name suggested.

Specify File
Name and Path
, or, if you
wanted to
read data
from an
imported
resource,
select the
resource from
the Resource
drop-down
box instead.

Click OK.

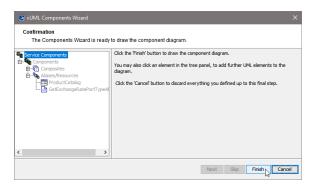


In right part oft the customization panel, you will find the new file system alias (e.g. Pro ductCatalog).

Click Next.

Step 6: Finishing the Components Wizard

This is the final step of the Components Wizard where you confirm to draw the component diagram. If the definitions are not complete yet, you can select an element node in the tree panel and add further UML elements to the diagram.



The Components Wizard generates the component diagram. If no errors occurred, it is necessary to save the model. On saving, the deployment data of the Model Compiler gets refreshed and you can proceed with e.g. compiling the model.