

# JWT

The **JWT Policy** helps you to validate JSON Web Tokens (JWT) by providing a signing key or a JSON Web Key Set (JWK(S)). You can also require claims and strip them to forward them as header to the backend API.

## Configuration Options

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a JWT policy. It includes sections for:

- Basic Configuration:** A field for "Signing key or URL to a JWK(S)" with a placeholder URL and a note about self-signed certificates.
- Required Claims:** A table where users can map claim names to values. One row is shown with "user\_email" mapped to "email".
- Forward Claim Information:** A table for mapping fields from the JWT to headers or fields in the API. One row is shown with "user\_email" mapped to "Header".
- Advanced Configuration:** Options for "Require Signed JWT (JWS)" and "Strip Tokens". It also includes a "Maximum Clock Skew" input field.

### On this Page:

- Configuration Options
  - Basic Configuration
  - Required Claims
  - Forward Claim Information
  - Advanced Configuration

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- Policies
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## Basic Configuration

Option	Description	Possible Values	Default
<b>Signing Key or URL to a JWK(S)</b>	Specify a Base-64 encoded signing key or a URL to a JWK(S) to validate JWT.  Info icon: Self-signed certificates are currently not supported.	• a Base-64 encoded string or • a URL to a JWK(S)	FQDN path automatically set for your PAS installation
<b>Key ID (kid) of JWK(S)</b>	Specify the key id of the JWK(S) in this field if you provided a JWK(S) URL.	a valid string	-

## Required Claims

All standard claims, custom claims and ID token fields are available (case sensitive). A special value of access\_token will forward the entire encoded token. Nested claims can be accessed by using the JavaScript dot syntax (e.g: address.country, address.formatted).

Option	Description	Possible Values	Default
<b>Claim</b>	Specify a list of required claims. If a required claim is not present, access will be rejected.	a string	-
<b>Value</b>	Determines the content of the claim.	a string	-

Click **Add** to create more rows in the table. Click **Delete** to remove selected rows.

## Forward Claim Information

Fields from the JWT can be set as headers and forwarded to the API. All standard claims, custom claims and ID token fields are available (case sensitive). A special value of access\_token will forward the entire encoded token. Nested claims can be accessed by using the JavaScript dot syntax (e.g: address.country, address.formatted).

Option	Description	Possible Values	Default
<b>Field</b>	Specify a list of fields from the JWT to be forwarded to the API as a header.	a string	-
<b>Header</b>	Holds the value of the <b>Field</b> .	a string	-

Click **Add** to create more rows in the table. Click **Delete** to remove selected rows.

## Advanced Configuration

Option	Description	Possible Values	Default
<b>Require Signed JWT (JWS)</b>	Specify whether JWTs must be cryptographically signed and verified (JWS).  It is strongly recommended to enable this option.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• enabled</li><li>• disabled</li></ul>	enabled
<b>Strip Tokens</b>	Enable if the Authorization header or token query parameter should be removed before forwarding traffic to the API.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• enabled</li><li>• disabled</li></ul>	disabled
<b>Maximum Clock Skew</b>	Specify the maximum allowed clock skew in seconds when validating exp (expiry) and nbf (not before) claims. 0 implies default behavior.	a valid integer	0