

Persistent States of Containerized xUML Services

Modeling integration scenarios frequently involves asynchronous processes. For example, a purchase order process is initialized by the first order. Then, the user adds new items until the process is closed by receiving the payment and sending the goods to the customer. Such processes are also known as long running transactions. All activities involved in this process may be separated by days or even weeks making it necessary to hold the states of such a purchase order persistent.

The persistent state management of containerized xUML services involves the following functions:

- [Querying the persistent state database by state, creation date / time and update date / time](#)
- [Searching the persistent state database for a given primary key](#)
- [Viewing persistent state object details](#)
- [Deleting single and multiple persistent state objects](#)

Persistent State			
<div><div></div><div></div></div>			
Class	States	Stalled	Primary Key Search
urn:Ticketcreation,Ticketcreation	3	0	<div></div>

Open the details page of a containerized xUML service and switch to the **Persistent State** section.

The initial page displays an overview of all persistent state classes and their states, in this example **Ticketcreation**. Each class corresponds to a Designer process.

On this Page:

- [Querying the Persistent State Database](#)
- [Viewing Persistent State Object Details](#)
 - [Sending Signals to Persistent State Objects](#)
 - [Inspecting Event Details](#)
- [Deleting Persistent State Objects](#)

Related Pages:

- [Working With the Administration](#)
 - [Working With the Deployment Wizard](#)
- [Controlling Containerized xUML Services](#)
 - [Adapting the Configuration of Containerized xUML Services](#)
 - [Changing the Log Level of a Containerized xUML Service](#)
 - [Showing Logs of a Containerized xUML Service](#)
- [Controlling Docker Container](#)

Related Documentation:

- [BRIDGE Integration Platform User's Guide](#)
 - [Persistent States of xUML Services](#)

Persistent States

Count

100

Creation from

+ Attributes

Filter

Reset all

States:   

Error

Executing_Ticketcreation

Waiting_for_Create_Ticket

Click on a persistent state class to display its different states. Refer to [Querying the Persistent State Database](#) for details.

Primary Key Search

The primary key consists of these search keys:

id *

Search

Cancel

Click the  icon to open the **Primary Key Search**.

The search enables you to search for a particular persistent state object in a large amount of data. Enter all key fields (in our example the **id**) and click **Search**.

You will either get the toast message **Could not find object** or the [persistent state object details page](#) will open.

Querying the Persistent State Database

In the persistent state objects list, the names of all persistent state elements are displayed in normalized UML. Normalized means, all white spaces are replaced by underscores ('_'). The page is divided into two parts:

- 1. Filter
- 2. List

Back (Dashboard) / States (on Ticketcreation Ticketcreation)

Persistent States

Count: 100

Creation From: 01 - To: 01

Last Update From: 01 - To: 01

+ Attributes

Filter

Reset all

States:

Error (5)

Executing_Ticketcreation (19)

Waiting_for_Create_Ticket (19)

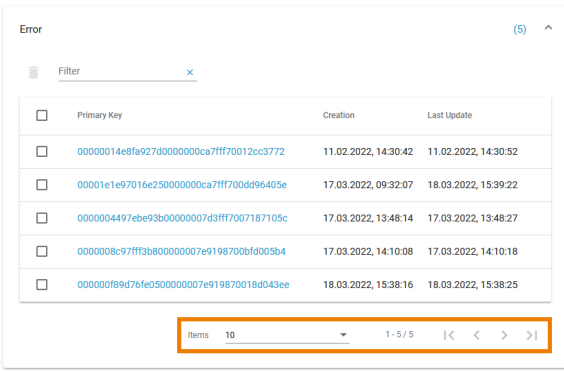
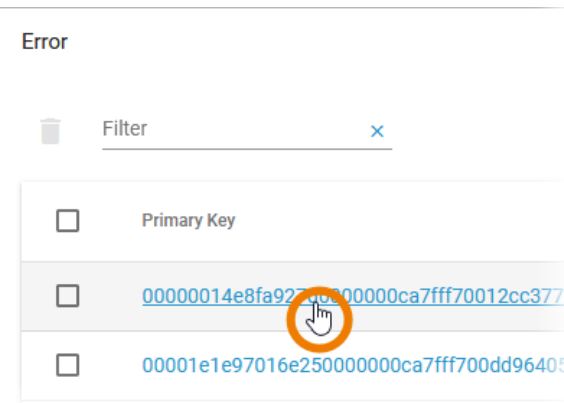
States:

Error	(5)	
Executing_Ticketcreation	(19)	
Waiting_for_Create_Ticket	(19)	

The list part contains separate lists for each state.


A single persistent state object can be in various states at once.

Icon	Usage
	Use this icon to reload the persistent state list.
	Use this icon to expand all listed states.
	Use this icon to collapse all listed states.

	<p>Expand a list to display all persistent state objects in this state. For each object, the following information is displayed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Primary key • Creation date • Date of the last update <p>You can specify the count of rows to be displayed for each table (Items). Use the icons in the footer to toggle between pages.</p>
	<p>If you want to inspect a single object, click on the primary key (refer to Viewing Persistent State Object Details for further information).</p>

The list of states may contain a large amount of data and thus can be filtered in the upper part of the page:



Filter	Usage
Count	<p>Enter the number of objects you want to display. Always the latest objects are displayed. In order to see all objects, enter 0.</p> <div>  Be careful using option 0, the database can contain a large amount of data! </div>
Creation from... to...	Enter a date/time range. Use the calendar to enter the date.
Last Update from... to...	Enter a date/time range. Use the calendar to enter the date.
Attributes	<p>Use the Attributes button to add filters and specify a query, e.g.</p> <div> <div>Attribute</div> <div>id: String</div> <div>Operator</div> <div>></div> <div>String for Attribute *</div> <div>0001234</div> <div>-</div> <div>+</div> </div> <p>Apply the filter(s) by clicking Filter.</p>

Click **Filter** to update the screen or **Reset all** to remove all entered data.



All persistent state information can also be viewed, if the service is stopped. This is helpful in case of debugging a service. But, in this case, browsing the persistent state details may be slower, as for each request the xUML Runtime is started to collect the information and stopped afterwards. The persistent state objects will **not** be changed in this case!

Viewing Persistent State Object Details

In the persistent state objects overview, for each persistent state object you can see primary key, creation date/time and date/time of the last update. When clicking on the primary key of an object, more details can be viewed in the object details view:

Back (ticketsystem) / States (urn:Ticketcreation:Ticketcreation) / Object (00010005fac6813ace8a0000001a)

Details of object 00010005fac6813ace8a0000001a

Primary Key: 00000007e0e5b0d8000000081c912700813acd25
Creation: May 3, 2023, 11:16:02 AM
Last Update: May 3, 2023, 11:16:04 AM

[Delete Object](#)

States

Name	Creation	Status	Retry Transitions	Send Signals
Executing_Ticketcreation	May 3, 2023, 11:16:04 AM	ok		
Waiting_for_Create_Ticket	May 3, 2023, 11:16:04 AM	ok		

Events



Name	Type	Creation	Delivery
No Data			

Object Information

```
1: {  
2:   "autoRetry": false,  
3:   "autoRetryTime": "PT60S",  
4:   "createTicket": {},  
5:   "currentTask": {  
6:     "begin": "2022-05-03T09:16:04.002343Z",  
7:     "name": "Create_Ticket",  
8:     "stateName": "Waiting_for_Create_Ticket"  
9:   },  
10:  "editTicket": {},  
11:  "fileContent": "",  
12:  "holdTime": "PT60S",  
}
```

Ln: 1 Col: 1

Content	Description
Primary Key	All key fields are displayed, separated by comma.
Creation	The timestamp of the creation of the persistent state object.
Last Update	The timestamp of the last update of the persistent state object.
States	<p>In this group box the state of the persistent state object and all substates are listed with Creation timestamp and status. The state name is the normalized UML name. Normalized means, all white spaces are replaced by underscores ('_'). You have also two options to send signals to the object, refer to Sending Signals to Persistent State Objects for details.</p> <div><p> The name of the final state will never be seen because by entering the final state the object ceases to exist. However, while destroying the object, the state machine is in the state --8<--. Think of --8<-- as an internal state name for the final state. So every object will reach this state before it gets deleted from the database. The state name --8<-- is strange by design to prevent a clash with other state names. If the state engine has a low load you will perhaps never see objects in this state. If the state engine is very busy you can see a lot of such objects but this is no problem.</p></div>
Events	A list of all events that occurred on this state object and are not yet finished is displayed. Click on the event name to display further details, refer to Inspecting Event Details for more information.

Object Information	<p>This text box contains the persistent state data, displayed in json format.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> : Use this icon to download a json file with the object information. : Use this icon to copy the content of the editor to the clipboard.
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Sending Signals to Persistent State Objects

In the **States** section, you can find several icons to send signals: **Retry Transitions** and **Send Signal** (one for each signal that can be send to the displayed persistent state object).

- Use **Retry** to resend the last signal to the persistent state object, if that last transition has failed.
- Click on one of the other buttons to send the indicated signal.

Sending signals can be useful

- during development, if you want to test a persistent state service.
- when the service is running in production, to release a persistent state object that got stalled in a state.

Inspecting Event Details

In the persistent state object list, a list of all events that occurred on this state object and are not yet finished is displayed. Click on the event name to display further details:

[Back](#) (ticketsystem) / [States](#) (urn:Ticketcreation:Ticketcreation) / [Object](#) (00010005d7be12cc383400000021) / [Event](#) (0000002ce8fab7ed00000000ca7fff700135e742e)

Details of Event Leave_Error_at_0


ID: 0000002ce8fab7ed00000000ca7fff700135e742e

Type: TIMEOUT

Creation: 11.02.2022, 14:30:52

Delivery: 01.01.9999, 01:00:00

xUML Data



1	Event does not contain any data
---	---------------------------------

The following information is displayed:

Content	Description	Values	
ID	Identifier of the event.	Any string.	
Type	Type of the event.	START WORK	A do activity is scheduled.
		WORKD ONE	A do activity has finished and an update to the object is scheduled.
		TIMEOUT	A time triggered transition is scheduled.
		COMPLETION	A regular transition is scheduled.
		JOIN	Parallel persistent states are joined.
		FINALIZE	Object reached final state and is due to be deleted.
		SIGNAL	Processing a signal that has been send to the object.
Creation	The timestamp of the creation of the persistent state object.	Any datetime.	

Delivery	The timestamp of when this event has been delivered to the object.	Any datetime.
xUML Data	This text box contains the persistent state data, displayed in xml.	


Deleting Persistent State Objects

You have two options to delete persistent state objects. You can delete...

- ... multiple objects at once using the list of persistent states.
- ... single objects on the the object details page.

Deleting Multiple Objects

Error



Filter

x

☒

Primary Key

☒

00000014e8fa927d0000000ca7fff70012cc3772

☐

00001e1e97016e250000000ca7fff700dd96405


☒


0000004497ebe93b00000007d3fff7007187105

☐



0000008c97fff3b800000007e9198700bfd005b

You can use the persistent state objects list to delete several persistent state objects at once.

Select the checkbox in front of the objects that you want to delete, then use icon .


 Since a no bject can be in different states at a time, a selected object will be deleted from all states.

Error

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Primary Key
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	00000014e8fa927d0000000ca7fff70012c
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	00001e1e97016e250000000ca7fff700dd9
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0000004497ebe93b00000007d3fff700718
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0000008c97fff3b800000007e9198700bfd
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	000000f89d76fe0500000007e919870018

You can also select all displayed objects by using the checkbox in the header of the list.



This option does only select the objects that are displayed in the current table view, not all objects in the state.

<div><div>Delete selected Persistent State Objects</div><div>Are you sure you want to delete the selected objects (10)?</div><div><div>Delete</div><div>Cancel</div></div></div>	<div>You need to confirm your choice.</div>
<div>Deleting a Single Object</div>	
<div><div>Details of object 00010005d7be12cc383400000021</div><div><div>Primary Key: 00000014e8fa927d0000000ca7fff70012cc3772</div><div>Creation: 11.02.2022, 14:30:42</div><div>Last Update: 11.02.2022, 14:30:52</div></div><div><div><div><div></div></div>Delete Object</div></div><div><div>States</div><div><div><div>Name</div><div>Creation</div></div></div></div></div>	<div>Use the button Delete Object on the object details page to delete a single persistent state object.</div>
<div><div>Delete Object 00010005d7be12cc383400000021</div><div>Are you sure you want to delete the object?</div><div><div>Delete</div><div>Cancel</div></div></div>	<div>You need to confirm the deletion.</div>