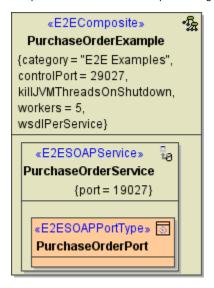
Persistent State Components

As persistent state is an integrated part of the Bridge, there is no requirement for additional components. The Components Wizard is used to create this diagram. For more details, refer to The Components Wizard

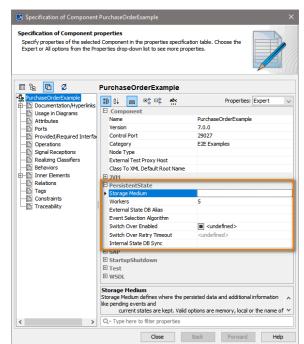
The picture below shows the component diagram of the Purchase Order example.

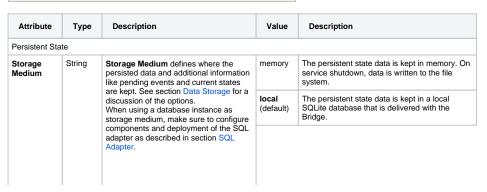


Related Pages:

- SQL Adapter
- Performance Considerations of Persistent State
- License for Running xUML Services
- Load Balanced Persistent State

In the specification dialog of the **xUML service composite**, you can configure the persistent state engine.





			external	The persistent state data is kept in an external database that has to be defined as a service backend. Use External State DB Alias to specify the database. This storage medium is needed to implement a load balanced persistent state setup.
			volatile	The persistent state data is kept in memory. On service shutdown, data is lost.
Workers	Integer	Workers defines the maximum number of parallel threads used to process pending events. The default setting is 5, which is used if none or 0 workers are configured. The implications of more or less workers are discussed in Performan ce Considerations of Persistent State.		
		Each active worker requires one license slot (concurrent connection) to process activities. For more information on licensing and concurrent connections, refer to Licens e for Running xUML Services.		
External State DB Alias	String	If you are using an external storage medium, you can specify the DB alias in External State DB Alias.		
		See also External Properties State DB Alias.		
External Properties State DB Alias	String	Runtime 2019.8 Builder 7.6.0 Specify the database alias of the external database you want to store external persistent data to. For more information on external data, refer to Persistent State Classes > External Persistent Data.	<tagged value not specified> (default)</tagged 	If not specified, external persistent data will be stored to the main persistent state database (internal or external database as defined with External State DB Alias).
			database alias	The external persistent data will be stored to the database indicated by the alias. The main persistent state database can be still internal, though.
Event Selection Algorithm	String	Runtime 2019.2 Builder 7.4.0 The xUML Runtime processes the persistent state events in a defined order. Select the event selection algorithm the xUML Runtime should use to define this order of events. Refer to Performance Considerations of Persistent State > Event Selection Algorithm for more details on when to use which algorithm. Services using this tagged value (all options but the default <not specified="">) will not start on a Runtime below 2019.2.</not>	<tagged value not specified> (default)</tagged 	Leave the decision which algorithm to use to the XUML Runtime. If future versions provide changed algorithms, they will be taken into account automatically.
			Default	Basically the same as <tagged account="" additionally,="" algorithm="" algorithms="" and="" appear="" automatically.="" be="" bridge="" can="" changed="" decision="" future="" if="" in="" into="" leave="" not="" of="" on="" provide="" runtime.="" service="" settings="" specifieds:="" tab="" tagged="" taken="" td="" the="" there.<="" they="" to="" use="" value="" versions="" which="" will="" xuml=""></tagged>
			Favour Signals	Process events according to signal appearance. This is the algorithm used up to Runtime 2019.1.
			Favour Objects	Process events according to object age. This results in processing older objects first. Signals to a selected object are processed in the order they arrived.
Switch Over Enabled	Boolean	This flag enables the automatic fail over mechanism for clustered persistent state databases. If the persistent state database becomes inoperative, the E2E xUML Runtime will try to open a connection to compensatory database of the cluster. See also option Switch Over Retry Timeout.	false (default)	fail over mechanism not enabled
			true	fail over mechanism enabled
		This option is available for clustered Oracle databases only.		
Switch Over Retry Timeout	Integer	During fail over, the E2E xUML Runtime will try to create a new database connection to a compensatory database (see Switch Over Enabled). If this fails, the xUML Runtime will try to open a new connection every second until the timeout (in seconds) is reached. Default is 600 seconds .		

Internal State DB Synch	String	Internal State DB Synch defines the level of file system synchronization performed on the internal persistent state database.	OFF (default)	SQLite continues without syncing as soon as it has handed data off to the operating system. If the xUML service crashes, the data will be safe, but the database might become corrupted if the operating system crashes or the computer loses power before that data has been written to the disk surface. Very fast.
		For production setup, we recommend using FULL synch.	NORMAL	The SQLite database engine will still sync at the most critical moments, but less often than in FULL mode (see below). There is a very small (though non-zero) chance that a power failure at just the wrong time could corrupt the database in NORMAL mode. But in practice, you are more likely to suffer a catastrophic disk failure or some other unrecoverable hardware fault. Up to 50 times slower than OFF.
			FULL	The SQLite database engine will ensure that all content is safely written to the disk surface prior to continuing. This ensures that an operating system crash or power failure will not corrupt the database. FULL synchronous is very safe, but it is also slower than NORMAL. FULL is the most commonly used synchronous setting.
			EXTRA	Also synchronize the DB transaction journal after every commit. Equals FULL in E2E Bridge context.