

extendedJSONToClass

Syntax	<pre>set anObject = aString.extendedJSONToClass() set anObject = extendedJSONToClass(literal)</pre>	
Semantics	<p>The operation <code>extendedJSONToClass()</code> takes an Extended JSON string (<code>aString</code>) and tries to map it to <code>anObject</code>. If this is not possible, an error is raised.</p> <p>By default, the following mapping rules apply:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Extended JSON attributes are mapped to class attributes having the same name.Attributes not defined in the target class are ignored. <p>For more mapping details refer to JSON Type Mapping. These details also refer to Extended JSON.</p>	
Substitutables	<code>aString</code>	An Extended JSON document as String .
	<code>anObject</code>	Target object, can be any object.
	<code>literal</code>	String literal.
Examples	<pre>set myAddress = mongoDbDocument.extendedJSONToClass();</pre> <p>See jsonToClass() Operation for more examples.</p>	


Related Pages:

- [JSON Type Mapping](#)
- [classToExtendedJSON\(\) Operation](#)
- [jsonToClass\(\) Operation](#)
- [classToJSON\(\) Operation](#)

Related Documentation:

- [MongoDB Extended JSON](#)

Example File (Builder project Add-ons/MongoDB):



<your example path>\Add-ons\MongoDB\uml\simpleMongoDbAccess.xml

For more information on Extended JSON refer to [MongoDB Extended JSON](#).